

Mountains and Rivers: Scenic Views of Japan, July 10, 2009-November 1, 2009

The landscape has long been an important part of Japanese art and literature. It was first celebrated in poetry, where invoking the name of a famous location, or *meisho*, was meant to summon a certain feeling. Later, paintings of these same locations would bring to mind their well-known poetic and literary history. Together, the poems and imagery comprised a canon of place and sentiment, as the same *meisho* were rendered again and again.

During the Edo period (1603–1868) the landscape genre, initially available only to the elite, spread to the medium of woodblock printing, the art of commoner culture. In the 19th century, when most of the works in this exhibition were made, several factors led to the rise of the landscape genre in woodblock prints. Up to this time, the staples of the woodblock print medium had been images of beautiful courtesans and handsome kabuki theater actors.

First among these factors was the rising popularity of domestic travel. The development of a system of major roads allowed many people to travel for both business and pleasure. Woodblock prints of locations along these travel routes could function as souvenirs for those who made the trip or as fantasy for those who could not. Rather than evoking a poetic past, these images of *meisho* were meant to tantalize viewers into imagining romantic far-off places.

Another factor in the growth of the genre was the skill of two particular woodblock print artists—Katsushika Hokusai (1760–1849) and Utagawa Hiroshige (1797–1858) (whose works are heavily represented here). Hokusai is often credited with initiating the popularity of landscape prints with his well-known series *Thirty-six Views of Mount Fuji*, which would later inspire Western artists such as Claude Monet. Both artists' innovative compositions and unusual treatment of the landscape made their works highly sought after; thousands of their prints were made to satisfy the print-buying public.

As the popularity of the landscape genre grew, artists tried to find novel ways to reinterpret the genre, collaborating with each other, combining it with other genres, and referencing and remaking earlier work to turn familiar landscapes into something new. This exhibition follows the landscape in woodblock prints from its traditional connections to classical poetry, through its celebration of famous locations and travel, to artists' playful riffing on the genre.

CHECKLIST OF THE EXHIBITION

Sadahiro Utagawa, Japanese Kinkado of Edo, Japanese Yokkaichi, The fifty-three stations of the Tokaido, late 1830's Polychrome wood block print Bequest of Isaac C. Bates 13.1363



Utagawa Hiroshige, Japanese, 1797-1858
Utagawa Kunisada, Japanese, 1786-1865
Maruya Kyushiro, Japanese
Yokogawa Horitake, Japanese
Shinagawa, The fifty-three stations [of the Tokaido] by twin brushes,
1854
Polychrome wood block print
Bequest of Isaac C. Bates 13.2327



Katsushika Hokusai, Japanese, 1760-1849 Nishimuraya Yohachi, Japanese Fine wind, clear weather ["Red Fuji"] (Gaifu kaisei), Thirty-six views of Mount Fuji, ca. 1829-1833 Polychrome wood block print Gift of Mrs. Gustav Radeke 20.1185



Katsushika Hokusai, Japanese, 1760-1849 Nishimuraya Yohachi, Japanese Hodogaya on the Tokaido (Tokaido hodogaya), Thirty-six views of Mount Fuji, ca. 1829-1833 Polychrome wood block print Gift of Mrs. Gustav Radeke 20.1196



Katsushika Hokusai, Japanese, 1760-1849
Nishimuraya Yohachi, Japanese
Kirifuri falls at Mount Kurokami, Shimotsuke Province (Shimotsuke kurokamiyama kirifuri no taki), A journey to the waterfalls of the various provinces, ca. 1831-1832
Polychrome wood block print
Gift of Mrs. Gustav Radeke 20.1216



Katsushika Hokusai, Japanese, 1760-1849 Nishimuraya Yohachi, Japanese Kintai (Brocade) Bridge, Suo Province (Suo no kuni kintaibashi), Wondrous views of famous bridges in the various provinces, ca. 1831-1832

Polychrome wood block print Gift of Mrs. Gustav Radeke 20.1225



Katsushika Hokusai, Japanese, 1760-1849
Nishimuraya Yohachi, Japanese
Abe no Nakamaro [701-770] (Abe no Nakamaro), The hundred poems
explained by the nurse, ca. 1835-1836
Polychrome woodblock print
Gift of Mrs. Gustav Radeke 20.1228



Utagawa Hiroshige, Japanese, 1797-1858
Takenouchi Magohachi, Japanese, late 18th century-mid 19th century
Vesper bell, Mii Temple (Mii no bansho), Eight views of Omi [Lake
Biwa], ca. 1835
Polychrome wood block print
Gift of Mrs. Gustav Radeke 20.1278



Katsushika Hokusai, Japanese, 1760-1849 Tōshirō Katano, Japanese One hundred views of Mount Fuji: Vol. 2, 1875 Woodblock printed book with embossed paper covers Gift of the Estate of Mrs. Gustav Radeke 31.396.2

Katsushika Hokusai, Japanese, 1760-1849 Tōshirō Katano, Japanese One hundred views of Mount Fuji: Vol. 3, 1875 Woodblock printed book with embossed paper covers Gift of the Estate of Mrs. Gustav Radeke 31.396.3

Utagawa Hiroshige, Japanese, 1797-1858 Murataya Jirobei, Japanese Shinobazu Pond (Shinobazu no ike), Famous places of the eastern capital, ca. 1836 Polychrome woodblock print Gift of Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr. 34.248



Utagawa Hiroshige, Japanese, 1797-1858
Takenouchi Magohachi, Japanese, late 18th century-mid 19th century *Mie River, Yokkaichi (Yokkaichi miegawa), The fifty-three stations of the Tokaido,* ca. 1833
Polychrome woodblock print
Gift of Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr. 41.080.44



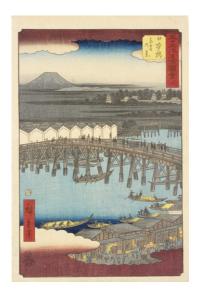
Utagawa Hiroshige, Japanese, 1797-1858
Takenouchi Magohachi, Japanese, late 18th century-mid 19th century *Driving rain, Shono (Shono hakuu), The fifty-three stations of the Tokaido,* ca. 1833
Polychrome woodblock print
Gift of Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr. 41.080.46



Utagawa Hiroshige, Japanese, 1797-1858
Takenouchi Magohachi, Japanese, late 18th century-mid 19th century
Tsuruya Kiemon, Japanese, late 18th century-mid 19th century
Shinmachi Bridge, Hodogaya (Hodogaya shinmachibashi), The fiftythree stations of the Tokaido, ca. 1833
Polychrome wood block print
Gift of Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr. 41.080.5



Utagawa Hiroshige, Japanese, 1797-1858 Kichizō Tsutaya, Japanese View with dawn clouds, Nihon Bridge, From the series Pictures of Famous Places of the Fifty-Three Stations of the Tokaido, 1855 Polychrome wood block print Gift of Marshall H. Gould 46.293.4



Utagawa Hiroshige, Japanese, 1797-1858 Kichizō Tsutaya, Japanese *The sea at Satta, Suruga Province, Thirty-six views of Mount Fuji,* 1858 Polychrome wood block print Gift of Marshall H. Gould 46.293.5



Utagawa Hiroshige, Japanese, 1797-1858
Maruya Kyushiro, Japanese
Toi Jewel River, Settsu Province, The six jewel rivers of the various provinces, 1857
Polychrome wood block print
Gift of Marshall H. Gould 46.293.7



Utagawa Hiroshige, Japanese, 1797-1858 Uoya Eikichi, Japanese, 19th century *Dawn inside the Yoshiwara, Meisho Edo Hyakkei,* 1857 Polychrome wood block print Gift of Marshall H. Gould 46.295.7



Hasegawa Tōun, Japanese Yoshida Goheiji, Japanese, late 17th century Eight Views of the Xiao and Xiang Rivers with Chinese and Japanese Poems, 1695 Woodblock printed book with mica Gift of Mrs. Carroll Miller 53.303



Yanagawa Shigenobu, Japanese, 1787-1832 *Abe no Nakamaro and a Chinese*, probably autumn 1823
polychrome woodblock print
Gift of George Pierce Metcalf 56.039.15

